Medieval Studies

Chair
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Coordinator, Medieval Studies
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Undergraduate certificate: medieval studies
Website: https://clas.uiowa.edu/classics/undergraduate-program/medieval-studies-program

The Medieval Studies Program offers an undergraduate program of study and a selection of courses open to students in all majors.

Programs

Undergraduate Program of Study Certificate
• Certificate in Medieval Studies

Courses

Medieval Studies Courses

- **MDVL:3226 Literature and Culture of the Middle Ages** 3 s.h.
  English majors and English and Creative Writing majors may apply this course to the following area and/or period requirement. AREA: Medieval and Early Modern Literature and Culture. PERIOD: Early Literatures Through 17th Century. Same as ENGL:3226.

- **MDVL:3409 Medieval Civilization I** 3 s.h.
  Europe from the decline of Roman empire to the eleventh century; cultural, political, economic, artistic and architectural foundations of Western civilization. Same as HIST:3409.

- **MDVL:3410 Medieval Civilization II** 3 s.h.
  Europe from the eleventh century to the Italian Renaissance; cultural, political, economic, artistic, and architectural foundations of Western civilization. Same as HIST:3410.

- **MDVL:3423 Ireland in the Early Middle Ages** 3 s.h.
  Ireland and the northern British islands 400-1000 C.E., a region of small kingdoms and thin population, lacking natural resources, far from Rome and ancient centers of Mediterranean culture; development of civilization, including monastic, legal, theological, and scholarly traditions that had a major impact on continental Europe; early medieval Irish history; introduction to the world of historical scholarship. Same as HIST:3423.

- **MDVL:4411 Economic and Social History of Medieval Europe** 3 s.h.
  Changes in western Europe from 300 to 1500 A.D.; feudalism, manorialism, revival of towns, heresy, women, monasticism, agricultural and commercial revolutions, Black Death. Same as HIST:4411.

- **MDVL:4412 History of the Medieval Church** 3 s.h.
  Development of Christianity to end of great schism; rise of Roman primacy, development of monasticism, orthodox and heterodox groups. Same as HIST:4412.

- **MDVL:4415 European Intellectual History Medieval to Modern** 3 s.h.
  Long view of European intellectual life from Middle Ages to modern times; students learn about key thinkers of the medieval period before expanding focus to include Renaissance and Early Modern thinkers (e.g., Cusanus, Giordano Bruno, Vico); exploration of modern European philosophical and historiographical tradition—intertwining patterns of sociology, philosophy, and history including Hans Jonas, Hannah Arendt, and Ernst Cassirer; understanding these thinkers within broader context of European cultural and political history. Same as HIST:4415.

- **MDVL:4417 Medieval Intellectual History 300-1150** 3 s.h.
  Philosophy, art, literature, religious culture of Europe from waning of classical intellectual modes of culture in late antiquity, to their recovery in 12th century. Same as HIST:4417.

- **MDVL:4418 Medieval Intellectual History 1150-1500** 3 s.h.
  European philosophy, religion, literature, art from 12th-century rise of scholasticism; their transformation in period of Copernicus, Luther. Same as HIST:4418.

- **MDVL:4419 Ancient and Medieval Science** 3 s.h.
  Greeks' initiation of scientific inquiry; developments in astronomy, cosmology, optics, mathematics, physics, medicine, psychology in ancient and medieval societies of Middle East, Europe. Same as HIST:4419.

- **MDVL:4421 The Middle Ages in Film** 3 s.h.
  How films that represent medieval events and literature may be analyzed to reveal the culture and times in which the films were made; Middle Ages and European nationalistic mythmaking as represented in film. Same as HIST:4421.

- **MDVL:4423 Ireland in the Early Middle Ages** 3 s.h.
  Ireland and the northern British islands 400-1000 C.E., a region of small kingdoms and thin population, lacking natural resources, far from Rome and ancient centers of Mediterranean culture; development of civilization, including monastic, legal, theological, and scholarly traditions that had a major impact on continental Europe; early medieval Irish history; introduction to the world of historical scholarship. Same as HIST:4423.