Epidemiology Courses (EPID)

This is a list of all epidemiology courses. For more information, see Epidemiology.

EPID:3099 Evidence-Based Public Health Methods 3 s.h.
How to choose, conduct, and evaluate evidence-based programs and policies in public health; finding and using scientific evidence, implementing and evaluating interventions that produce new evidence. Offered summer sessions. Requirements: Certificate in Public Health enrollment.

EPID:4314 Field Experiences in Public Health 1 s.h.
Direct involvement in actions being taken at local community level; topics include environmental health, infectious diseases, chronic diseases, and pediatric health; practical examples and hands-on experiences during site visits for topic-specific field investigations. Prerequisites: BIOL:1140 or BIOL:1141 or BIOL:1411. Requirements: biology or microbiology coursework. Same as CPH:4250.

EPID:4400 Epidemiology I: Principles 3 s.h.
Epidemiological concepts and methods; design of descriptive and analytic studies, such as aggregate, case series, cross-sectional, case-control, cohort studies, clinical trials; application of epidemiology to public health practice; communication and dissemination of epidemiological findings.

EPID:4450 Public Health Data 2 s.h.
Concepts and methods of obtaining and using public health data in community settings; how public health data are used for epidemiologic investigations and prevention programs. Corequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:4510 Injury and Violence Prevention 3 s.h.
Theory, research, and practice of injury control; unintentional and intentional injuries; local, national, international injury issues. Same as CPH:4230, OEH:4510.

EPID:4990 Practicing Evidence-Based Public Health 3 s.h.
How epidemiologic and other scientific studies underlie public health practice; relationship between evidence and action; controversies at interface of science and policy.

EPID:5200 Principles of Public Health Informatics 3 s.h.
Systematic applications of information science, computer science, and technology to public health practice, research, and learning; methods of disease surveillance, data collection, analysis, and reporting with health informatics. Same as IGPI:5220.

EPID:5214 Meta-Analysis of Epidemiologic Studies 3 s.h.
Methods for quantitative pooling of analytic study associations (cohort and case-control) between exposure and a dichotomous outcome; literature searches, data abstraction, test of homogeneity, publication bias and consideration of adjusted risk ratios (effects of confounding). Prerequisites: BIOS:5120 and EPID:4400.

EPID:5241 Statistical Methods in Epidemiology 4 s.h.
Overview of methods to analyze data from epidemiologic investigations; estimation of relative measures of risk, attributable risk, stratified analysis; model-fitting approaches using linear, logistic, and Poisson regression analysis; confounding and effect modification; analysis of epidemiologic data sets.

EPID:5300 Food Safety 3 s.h.
Current issues and concepts of food safety in the United States, from plant to table; foodborne illness from microbial agents, food toxins, adulterants; disease investigation, risk analysis, risk mitigation, prevention.

EPID:5320 Exotic and Emerging Diseases of Animals 1 s.h.
Major exotic and emerging animal diseases; veterinarian’s role in recognizing and diagnosing such diseases; how outbreaks affect economies and veterinary medicine; public health concerns; responding agencies and their roles in control and eradication.

EPID:5470 Applied Veterinary Epidemiology/Biostatistics 3 s.h.
Epidemiology and biostatistics applied to veterinary public health; outbreak investigations, surveillance, analyzing and evaluating diagnostic tests, translation methodology, risk assessment, data analysis software programs. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:5500 Introduction to Clinical Epidemiology 3 s.h.
Epidemiologic applications and methods used in clinical settings to evaluate clinical medicine and other health profession disciplines, including health measurement, health outcome determination, diagnostic process, risk assessment and communication, prognosis, study design, patient surveys, clinical trials, decision analysis and meta-analysis, health services research. Corequisites: EPID:4400, if not taken as a prerequisite.

EPID:5540 Public Health Surveillance Mechanisms, Applications, and Data 3 s.h.
Introduction to fundamentals of public health surveillance with emphasis on cancer registration; use of resulting surveillance-based databases and information systems available to public health practitioners and researchers. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:5550 Diagnostic Microbiology for Epidemiology 3 s.h.
Introduction to microbiological culture, antigen detection, immunological and molecular amplification laboratory techniques for bacteria, viruses, parasites, fungi. Prerequisites: MICR:2157 or MICR:3164.

EPID:5560 Introduction to Molecular Epidemiology 3 s.h.
Introduction to basic techniques of molecular biology (DNA, RNA, protein techniques) and their use in epidemiological research (e.g., diagnosis of disease, biomarker discovery and validation). Corequisites: EPID:4400, if not taken as a prerequisite.

EPID:5570 Zoonotic Diseases 3 s.h.
Introduction to the epidemiology and control of zoonotic diseases; zoonoses endemic to the midwestern United States. Prerequisites: EPID:5550 or EPID:6550 or MICR:2157 or MICR:3164.

EPID:5580 Public Health Laboratory Techniques 1 s.h.
Common laboratory techniques in emerging infectious respiratory disease research and epidemiologic surveillance laboratories; emphasis on techniques for culturing, characterization, and serological surveillance of exposure to influenza viruses. Offered spring semesters. Requirements: completion of online Basic Biological Safety and Blood-Borne Pathogens courses; completed certificates must be brought to class.
EPID:5590 Applied Infectious Disease Epidemiology 2 s.h.
Introduction to infectious disease surveillance, outbreak investigations, interventions, biodefense, emerging infectious diseases, subject recruitment, mathematical modeling, and analytic approaches pertaining to infectious disease prevention and control; emphasis on practical knowledge and how to apply basic infectious disease epidemiology to real-life scenarios and research projects.

EPID:5600 Introduction to Epidemiology Data Management and Analysis 3 s.h.
Organization, collection, management, and analysis of epidemiological data using computer programs. Corequisites: EPID:4400, if not taken as a prerequisite.

EPID:5610 Intermediate Epidemiology Data Analysis with SAS and R 3 s.h.
Basic principles of data analysis and collaborative research; SAS fundamentals; data manipulation and interpretation techniques.

EPID:5900 Problems and Special Topics in Epidemiology arr.
Didactic material in epidemiology; may include tutorial, seminar, faculty-directed independent work (e.g. literature search, project, short research project); topics may include comparative effectiveness and patient-centered outcomes, neuroepidemiology, and epidemiology of aging.

EPID:5925 Epidemiology Journal Club: Evaluating the Literature 0-1 s.h.
Critical evaluation of primary epidemiologic methods and research papers; informative, challenging, and current topics from scientific literature. Requirements: epidemiology M.S., M.P.H., or Ph.D. standing.

EPID:5950 Preceptorship in Epidemiology arr.
Quantitative research-oriented project performed with a preceptor; preparation of prospectus, presentation of research results in a publication-quality report and a scientific poster session.

EPID:6000 Independent Study in Epidemiology arr.
In-depth pursuit of an area of special interest in epidemiology requiring substantial creativity and independence.

EPID:6050 Research in Epidemiology arr.
Research that may lead to a dissertation.

EPID:6070 Social Epidemiology 3 s.h.
Introduction with global focus and emphasis on methodological issues, including definition/measurement of social constructs, appropriate research designs, analytic approaches. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:6075 Health Equity, Disparities, and Social Justice 3 s.h.
Introduction to the concept of health equity and an overview of U.S. health disparities; students gain a better understanding of research and interventions through readings, lectures, reflection papers, in-class exercises, and research assignments. Same as CBH:6230.

EPID:6100 Writing a Grant Proposal 3 s.h.
Small group projects to develop grant proposals using epidemiological study designs; presentation and defense of proposals before faculty site visitors.

EPID:6150 Writing for Medical Journals 1 s.h.
Skill development in writing medical journal articles for publication.

EPID:6200 Environmental and Occupational Epidemiology 3 s.h.
Overview of methods to interpret and perform environmental and occupational epidemiologic studies with focus on exposure assessment; valuable insights into identifying regional, national, global environmental, and occupational health-related issues. Prerequisites: EPID:4400. Same as OEH:6510.

EPID:6250 Genetics and Epidemiology 3 s.h.
Basic human molecular genetics and population genetics principles; methods of integrating genetic principles into epidemiological studies; advancing genomic technologies, hot topics in genetics research. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:6330 Global Nutrition Policy 2 s.h.
Concepts and methods used in setting public health nutrition policy; evidence-based aspects of nutrition policy formation in public health settings; evaluation of nutritional public health policy implementation and ways of changing policy in China, Korea, Micronesia, Hawaii, Italy, and the United States.

EPID:6350 Nutritional Epidemiology 2 s.h.
Application of epidemiology study designs to nutrition variables and chronic disease; analysis of nutrition epidemiology studies; research protocol design. Recommendations: a basic nutrition course.

EPID:6360 Nutrition Intervention in Clinical Trials Research 2 s.h.
Nutrition interventions in clinical trials; disease related to nutrition variables; research that links effects of diet on chronic diseases. Recommendations: a basic nutrition course.

EPID:6370 Nutrition Intervention in Research Lab 3 s.h.
Development, demonstration of group counseling skills in ongoing nutrition research projects at the University of Iowa. Corequisites: EPID:6360, if not taken as a prerequisite.

EPID:6400 Epidemiology II: Advanced Methods 4 s.h.
Epidemiologic study design and analysis; bias, confounding, effect modification; case-control studies; cohort studies; field methods; measurement principles; exposure and disease classification; acute and chronic disease examples. Prerequisites: EPID:4400 and EPID:5600.

EPID:6420 Survey Design and Analysis 3 s.h.
Methodological issues regarding design, sampling approach, implementation, analysis, and interpretation of surveys and questionnaires in public health research. Offered spring semesters of even years. Prerequisites: EPID:4400 and BIOS:5120. Same as BIOS:6420.

EPID:6510 Injury Epidemiology 3 s.h.
How epidemiology can be applied to injury prevention and control: epidemiology literature, specific methodological problems involved in the epidemiology of injuries, critical evaluation of research articles. Offered spring semesters of odd years. Prerequisites: EPID:4400. Same as OEH:6520.

EPID:6530 Epidemiology of Occupational Injuries 3-4 s.h.
Epidemiological literature on occupational injuries and their prevention; focus on research methods. Offered spring semesters of even years. Prerequisites: EPID:4400. Same as OEH:6530.

EPID:6550 Epidemiology of Infectious Diseases 3 s.h.
Underlying epidemiological concepts of infection disease, including causation and surveillance; prevention and control; case studies. Prerequisites: EPID:4400. Same as GHS:6550.
EPID:6560 Hospital Epidemiology  2 s.h.
Health care-associated infections; surveillance, investigative methods, resistant organisms, molecular epidemiology; methods for preventing spread of pathogens, including isolation precautions; environmental issues, construction, sterilization; interactive exercises. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:6570 Infectious Causes of Chronic Disease  3 s.h.
Evidence linking various infectious agents with the development of different types of chronic disease. Corequisites: EPID:4400, if not taken as a prerequisite.

EPID:6600 Epidemiology of Chronic Diseases  3 s.h.
Chronic disease epidemiology; survey of leading chronic diseases, including measurement of disease, lifestyle, nutrition, occupation, family history. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:6620 Neuroepidemiology  2 s.h.
Basic epidemiologic concepts of neurologic disease; concepts, methods, examples of neuroepidemiology; varied diseases, methods. Prerequisites: EPID:4400 and EPID:5600.

EPID:6640 Epidemiology of Maternal and Infant Health  2 s.h.
Overview of maternal and infant epidemiologic and methodologic issues; prevalence and trends; risk factors; data sources, including limitations and availability; relevant measurement issues; directions for future research. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:6650 Cardiovascular Disease Epidemiology  3 s.h.
Natural history of atherosclerotic disease in humans and risk factors affecting its development; atherosclerotic disease by age, sex, and in varied populations worldwide; recent guidelines and clinical trials to delay onset, reduce incidence, improve outcome of cardiovascular disease. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.

EPID:6670 Psychiatric Epidemiology  3 s.h.
Population-based studies of psychiatric disorders and associated etiologic tools; diagnostic criteria used in psychiatric research, common structured interviews and rating scales; recent research relevant to common psychiatric disorders; experience writing a research idea using NIH PHS grant form. Recommendations: EPID:6400 or two years of resident training in psychiatry. Same as PSYC:8267.

EPID:6700 Cancer Epidemiology and Control  3 s.h.
Incidence, mortality, survival; risk factors for major cancer sites; comprehensive cancer control; introduction to SEER*Stat and its application. Prerequisites: EPID:4400 and PATH:8133.

EPID:6900 Design of Intervention and Clinical Trials  3 s.h.
Methodologic introduction to rationale and design of clinical trials; basics of clinical trial design, variety of designs, and examples from clinical trials.

EPID:6910 Pharmacoepidemiology and Comparative Effectiveness Research  3 s.h.
Drug approval process, methods for identification and attribution of adverse drug events, current understanding of the epidemiology of adverse drug events; study designs, data sources for pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoecnomics. Prerequisites: EPID:4400.